

Hip Arthroscopy-Core Decompression Post-Operative Rehabilitation Protocol

0-1 Week Post-Op

Weight-Bearing Status:

• Non-weight bearing (NWB) for 6 weeks (core decompression or subchondroplasty).

Instructions:

Provide guidance on ambulation and stair climbing using crutches.

Suggested Therapeutic Exercises:

- **Stationary Bike**: 20 minutes daily, no resistance.
- Continuous Passive Motion (CPM): 4 hours/day, can reduce to 3 hours if stationary bike is used.
- **Brace**: Wear at all times during ambulation. Use brace or abduction pillow for sleep (x 2 weeks).
- Range of Motion (ROM) Exercises: Begin passive ROM (PROM) including circumduction, abduction, and log rolls.
 - 20 minutes, twice daily.
 - o Instruct a family member or caregiver for assistance.
 - Maintain PROM restrictions for 3 weeks.
- **Prone Lying**: 2-3 hours per day.
- **Isometric Exercises**: Quadriceps sets, glute sets, and transversus abdominis (TA) activation.
 - Hold each for 5 seconds, 20 repetitions, twice daily.

1-3 Weeks Post-Op

Goal: Protect the joint and avoid irritation.

Physical Therapy Pointers:

- Aim for symmetric ROM by 6-8 weeks.
- Avoid active open-chain hip flexor activation.
- Focus on **proximal control** (core, pelvis, and hip muscles).

Weight-Bearing Status:

NWB for 6-8 weeks.

Brace Settings:

- Locked in 0-90° for ambulation or sleep.
- Continue using the brace or abduction pillow for sleep as needed.

Initial ROM Restrictions (Weeks 0-3):

- Flexion: Limit to 90° for 2 weeks (CPM may allow for slightly greater flexion).
- Extension: Limit to 0° for 3 weeks.
- External Rotation: Limit to 30° at 90° flexion for 3 weeks.
- Internal Rotation: Limit to 20° in prone for 3 weeks.
- Abduction: Limit to 20° at 90° flexion for 3 weeks.
- No restrictions in prone position.

Suggested Therapeutic Exercises:

- Stationary Bike: 20 minutes daily; increase time as tolerated starting week 3.
- **Soft Tissue Mobilization**: 20-30 minutes each session, focusing on adductors, TFL, QL, and inguinal ligament.
- Isometric Exercises: Continue quad sets, glute sets, and TA activation (week 1-2).
- Diaphragmatic Breathing: Week 1-2.
- Quadruped Exercises: Rocking, pelvic tilts, arm lifts.
- Anterior Capsule Stretches: Surgical leg off the table in figure 4 position.
- Clamshells/Reverse Clamshells: Week 1-3.
- TA Activation with Bent Knee Fall Outs: Week 1-3.
- Bridging Progression: 5x/week (week 2-6).
- Prone Hip ER/IR and Hamstring Curls: 5x/week (week 2-6).

Weight-Bearing Status:

• WBAT progression starts at 6 weeks post-op.

3-10 Weeks Post-Op

Goal: Achieve a non-compensatory gait and continue rehabilitation progression.

Physical Therapy Pointers:

- Gradually increase ambulation without crutches or a brace as tolerated, ensuring proper gait mechanics.
- Provide tactile and verbal cues to prevent compensatory patterns.
- Progress exercises as patient demonstrates control both proximally and distally.

Weight-Bearing Status:

- **Begin WBAT progression** starting at 6-8 weeks.
 - Start with Toe-Touch Weight Bearing (TTWB), progressing to Partial Weight Bearing (PWB) (25%, then 50%) under physical therapy guidance.
 - Transition off crutches by 7-8 weeks.
 - o Discontinue brace once crutches are no longer needed.

Suggested Therapeutic Exercises:

- Stationary Bike: 20 minutes daily; increase time as tolerated starting week 3.
- **Soft Tissue Mobilization**: 20-30 minutes per session, with a focus on specific restrictions.
- Anterior Capsule Stretches: Continue surgical leg off the table in figure 4 position.
- **Prone Hip ER/IR and Hamstring Curls**: Continue until 6 weeks post-op.
- **Prone Hip Extension**: Begin 5x/week (week 3-5).
- Core and Shoulder Girdle Strengthening: Tall kneeling and ½ kneeling exercises (week 3-6).
- Standing Weight Shifts: Side-to-side and anterior-posterior, 5x/week (week 6).
- Backward and Lateral Walking (no resistance): 5x/week (week 6-8).
- Standing Double Leg 1/3 Knee Bends: 5x/week (week 8-10).
- **Double Leg Squats**: 5x/week (week 8-10).
- Forward Step-ups: 5x/week (week 8-10).
- Modified Planks and Side Planks: 5x/week (week 8-10).
- Elliptical: Begin with 3 minutes at 8 weeks, increase as tolerated.
- Joint Mobilizations:
 - Posterior/inferior glides: 2x/week (week 6-10).
 - Anterior glides: 2x/week (week 7-10).

Goal: Progress toward returning to pre-injury activity levels.

Physical Therapy Pointers:

- Focus on more functional exercises in all planes of motion.
- Progress exercises only if the patient demonstrates proper control with previous exercises.
- Individualized progression depending on patient's goals and recovery pace.

Suggested Therapeutic Exercises:

- Soft Tissue and Joint Mobilizations: As needed.
- Lunges: Forward, lateral, and split squats, 3x/week.
- **Side Steps and Retro Walking**: With resistance, starting more proximally, 3x/week.
- **Single-Leg Balance Activities**: Balance, squats, trunk rotation, 3x/week.
- Planks and Side Planks: Progress as tolerated.
- **Single-Leg Bridges**: Progress duration as tolerated.
- Slide Board Exercises: 3x/week.
- **Agility Drills**: 3x/week (if pain-free).
- **Hip Rotational Activities**: 3x/week (if pain-free).

16-32+ Weeks Post-Op

Goal: Full return to sport and activity.

Physical Therapy Pointers:

- Full recovery may take 4-6 months, or up to 1 year for maximal improvement.
- Perform a running analysis before returning to running, cutting, or agility.
- Assess functional strength and proximal control before progressing to more advanced activities.

Suggested Therapeutic Exercises:

- Running Progression: Begin on Alter-G treadmill at week 16, progress as tolerated.
- Agility Exercises: Start at week 20.
- Multidirectional and Cutting Activities: Begin at week 24.
- Plyometrics: Begin at week 24.
- **Sport-Specific Exercises**: Begin at week 24.

Note: Progression through these phases should be based on individual recovery, with all exercises adjusted as necessary under the guidance of your surgeon and physical therapist. Regular follow-ups with the surgical team are crucial to ensure optimal recovery.